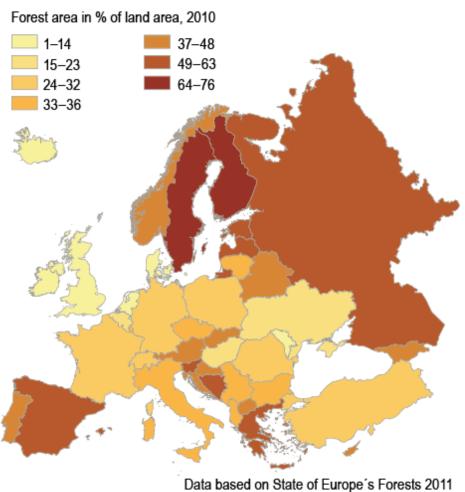
# **State of Finland's Forests 2013**



#### Finland – the most extensive forest cover in Europe

Some 23 million hectares (76%) is under forests in Finland, representing about 11% of the forest area in Europe (210 million ha).



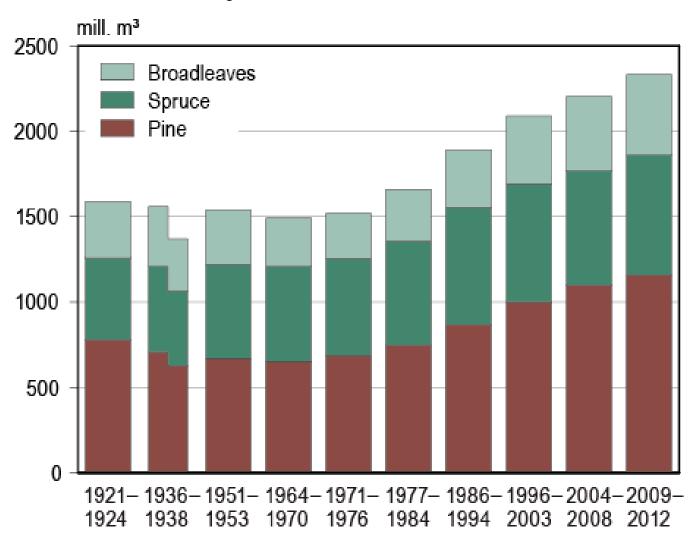
#### Over 60% of forests are privately owned

| Forest ownership category  | Forest land area | Growing<br>stock | Annual<br>increment | Commercial<br>roundwood<br>% removals |
|--|------------------|------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Private  | 61,1             | 64,9             | 68                  | 77*                                   |
| State  | 25,1             | 20,5             | 16,5                | 12                                    |
| Companies  | 8,4              | 9                | 10,1                | 11                                    |
| Other  | 5,4              | 5,6              | 5,5.                |                                       |
| * Including municipalities, parishes, associations and societies |                  |                  |                     |                                       |

#### Growing stock steadily increased over the last 50 years

The volume of growing stock has increased by more than 40%, being 2,284 million m³ at the end of 2012.

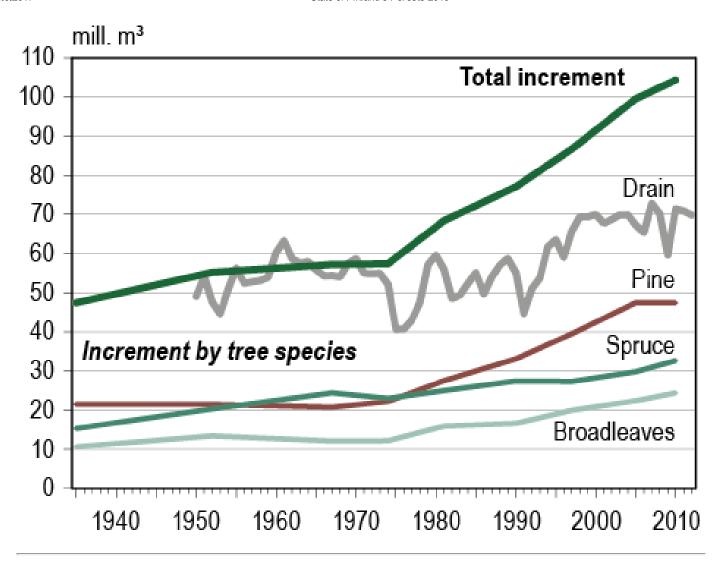
#### Growing stock volume on forest land, 1920-2012



## Annual increment exceeded the drain by 30%

Since the mid-1970s, wood equivalent to the current volume of the tree stock, 2,332 million m³, has been harvested and used.

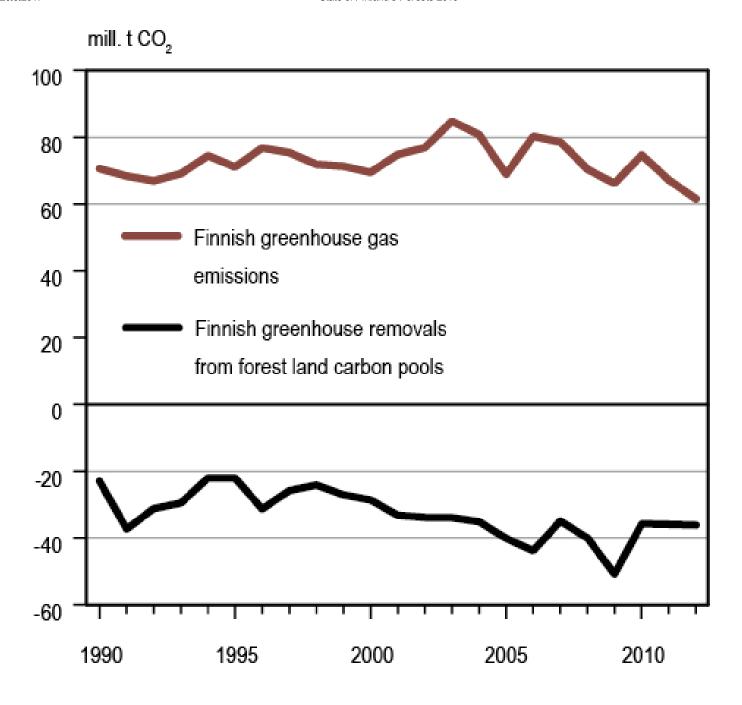
Annual increment of growing stock (1935-2012) and annual drain (1950-2012)



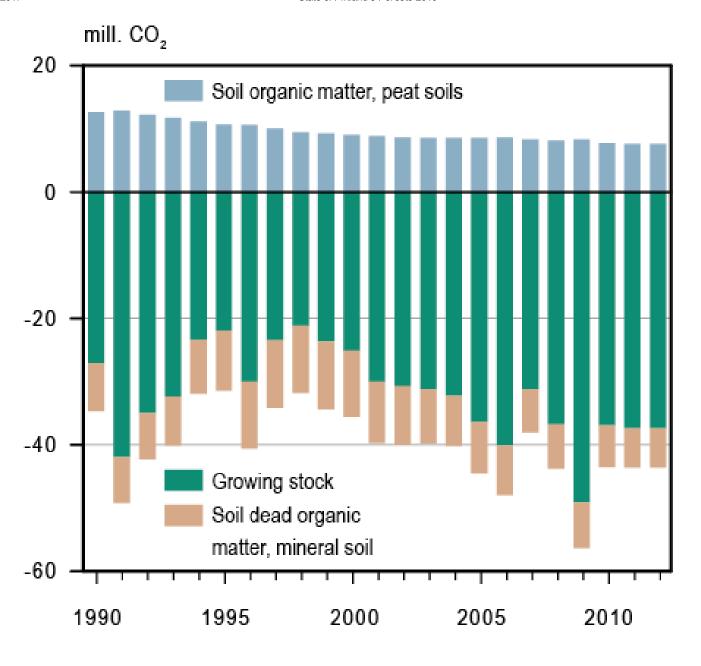
#### Forests sequestrate nearly 60% of the CO2 emissions of Finnish industries

Finland's forests are major carbon sinks, as they absorb large amount of CO2 from the atmosphere.

Carbon balance between emission of fossil carbon dioxide and net changes in sequestration of carbon dioxide by forest land (1990-2012)



Changes of carbon sequestration of forest land by share of wooden biomass, dead organic matter and soil organic matter (1990-2012)



# Wood as building material promoted

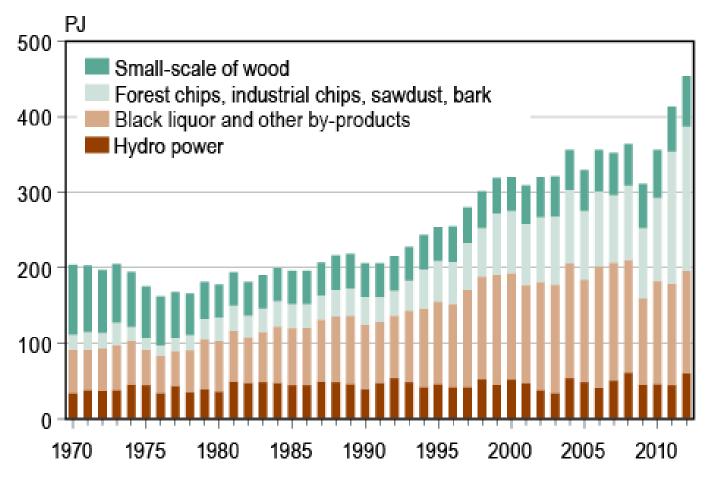
In Finland, wood accounts for about 40% of all building materials. Wood is a lowenergy, renewable construction material throughout its life cycle and also provides long-term carbon sequestration. For environmental reasons uniform standards for all building materials, covering their entire life cycle are needed.



### Wood-based fuels over 23% of total energy consumption

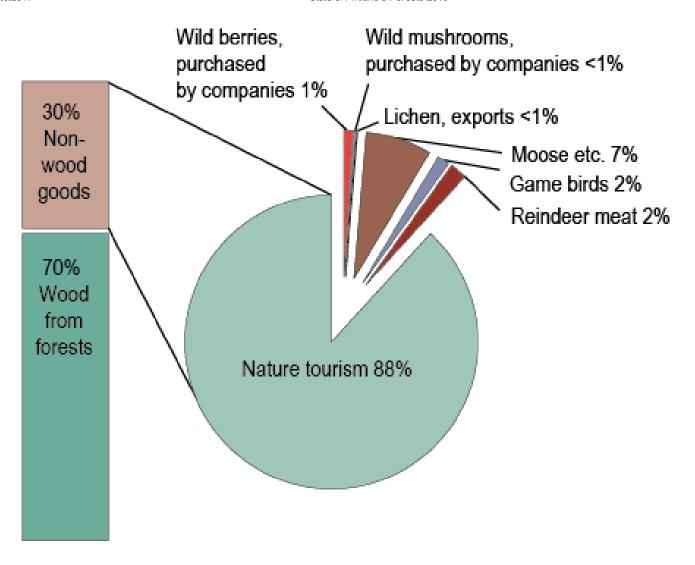
The use of wood-based fuels has increased in Finland since the 1990s. In 2012 the share of wood-based fuels of all renewable energy sources accounted for 81%.

Consumption of renewable energy sources, 1970-2012



# Nature tourism, game meat, berries and mushrooms important non-wood products

Non-wood goods represent 30% of the total value of roundwood and non-wood products.



### Strictly protected forests largest in Europe

The area of strictly protected area accounts for 5.2% of Finland's total forest area. The total area of protected forests and forests under restricted use is 3 million hectares, or 13.0% of all forest land.